## NORTH ARROW MINERALS INC.

## CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Three and Nine Months Ended January 31, 2024

(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

These condensed interim financial statements of North Arrow Minerals Inc. for the three and nine months ended January 31, 2024 have been prepared by and are the responsibility of the Company's Management.

The Company's independent auditors have not performed a review of these financial statements in accordance with standards established for a review of interim financial statements by an entity's auditor.

# NORTH ARROW MINERALS INC. STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at January 31, 2024

(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	J	anuary 31, 2024		April 30, 2023
ASSETS		w		115111 00, 2020
Current	Φ.	<b>=</b> 40,440	Φ.	251 512
Cash	\$	740,440	\$	271,513
Receivables (Note 5)		73,732		16,148
Marketable securities (Note 4)		1,042		2,916
Prepaid expenses		99,235		5,552
		914,449		296,129
Equipment (Note 6)		23,746		27,221
Security deposits (Note 8)		243,361		
Right-of-use assets (Note 7)		34,231		60,097
Exploration and evaluation assets (Note 8)		16,761,969		15,799,564
	\$	17,977,756	\$	16,183,011
LIABILITIES				
Current				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 9 and 13)	\$	388,867	\$	547,107
Bank line of credit (Note 10)		-		40,000
Loan payable (Note 11)		534,815		496,324
Deferred premium (Note 12)		59,026		
Current portion of lease liabilities (Note 7)		31,624		33,333
		1,014,332		1,116,764
Reclamation provision (Note 8)		195,995		22.075
Lease liabilities (Note 7)		1,210,327		23,877 1,140,641
		1,210,027		1,110,011
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Capital stock (Note 12)		40,848,452		38,773,039
Share-based payment reserve (Note 12)		6,225,073		5,798,269
Deficit		(30,306,096)		(29,528,938)
		16,767,429		15,042,370

Nature and continuance of operations (Note 1)

Approved and authorized on behalf of the Board on March 25, 2024

# NORTH ARROW MINERALS INC. STATEMENTS OF LOSS AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS

For the Three and Nine Months Ended January 31, 2024 and 2023

(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	Three months January 31, 2024	Three months January 31, 2023	Nine months January 31, 2024	Nine months January 31, 2023
Advertising, promotion and travel	\$ 70,144	\$ 46,210	\$ 165,035	\$ 107,307
Amortization of warrants (Note 11)	· -	5,604	´ -	16,814
Consulting (Note 13)	2,250	2,250	6,750	6,750
Depreciation	9,591	10,682	32,483	33,056
Office and miscellaneous (Note 13)	30,539	33,951	112,240	98,624
Professional fees	27,908	2,994	41,022	37,892
Property investigation costs	2,486	26,119	14,564	46,254
Regulatory and filing fees	1,454	2,434	7,056	5,847
Salaries and benefits (Note 13)	96,379	82,323	250,199	235,612
Shared-based compensation (Note 12)	74,798	1,057	395,527	11,072
	(315,549)	(213,624)	(1,024,876)	(599,228)
Interest and foreign exchange	8,988	(120)	37,288	4,463
Gain on loan (Note 10)	-	-	10,000	-
Other income – deferred premium	39,199	3,580	202,304	15,218
Gain (loss) on marketable securities	(833)	(209)	(1,874)	(6,459)
	47,354	3,251	247,718	13,222
Net and comprehensive loss for the	( <b>-</b> (0 10 <b>-</b> )	(212.272)	(=== 1=o)	(50 - 00 -
period	\$ (268,195)	\$ (210,373)	\$ (777,158)	\$ (586,006)
Basic and diluted loss per share	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.00)
Weighted average number of common shares	175,802,243	127,070,483	173,270,216	122,955,990

# NORTH ARROW MINERALS INC. STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the Nine Months Ended January 31, 2024 and 2023

(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	2024	2023
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Loss for the period	\$ (777,158)	\$ (586,006)
Items not involving cash:	ψ ( <i></i> ,120)	Ψ (500,000)
Depreciation	32,484	33,056
Share-based compensation	395,527	11,072
Loss (gain) on marketable securities	1,874	6,459
Finance cost	44,819	38,484
Amortization of bonus shares and warrants	44,017	16,814
Other income – deferred premium and gain on loan	(212,304)	(15,218
~		
Changes in non-cash working capital items:	(== =0 t)	.=
Receivables	(57,584)	47,841
Prepaid expenses	(93,683)	6,048
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(76,577)	30,591
	(742,602)	(410,859)
Expenditures on exploration and evaluation assets, net Security deposits	(999,068) (47,366)	(476,646)
Expenditures on exploration and evaluation assets, net	, , ,	(727,017)
Expenditures on exploration and evaluation assets, net Security deposits Advance from Burgundy Diamond Mines Limited	(47,366)	(727,017 (4,191
Expenditures on exploration and evaluation assets, net Security deposits Advance from Burgundy Diamond Mines Limited Purchase of equipment	(3,143)	(727,017 (4,191
Expenditures on exploration and evaluation assets, net Security deposits Advance from Burgundy Diamond Mines Limited Purchase of equipment	(47,366) - (3,143) (1,049,577) 2,423,940	(727,017 (4,191) (1,207,854)
Security deposits Advance from Burgundy Diamond Mines Limited Purchase of equipment  CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(47,366) - (3,143) (1,049,577)	(476,646) (727,017) (4,191) (1,207,854) 835,000 (12,081)
Expenditures on exploration and evaluation assets, net Security deposits Advance from Burgundy Diamond Mines Limited Purchase of equipment  CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from a private placement	(47,366) - (3,143) (1,049,577) 2,423,940	(727,017 (4,191) (1,207,854)
Expenditures on exploration and evaluation assets, net Security deposits Advance from Burgundy Diamond Mines Limited Purchase of equipment  CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from a private placement Share issuance costs	(47,366) - (3,143) (1,049,577) 2,423,940 (100,920)	(727,017 (4,191 (1,207,854 835,000 (12,081
Expenditures on exploration and evaluation assets, net Security deposits Advance from Burgundy Diamond Mines Limited Purchase of equipment  CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from a private placement Share issuance costs Repayment of bank loan	(47,366) - (3,143) (1,049,577) 2,423,940 (100,920) (30,000)	(727,017 (4,191 (1,207,854 835,000 (12,081 (31,914
Expenditures on exploration and evaluation assets, net Security deposits Advance from Burgundy Diamond Mines Limited Purchase of equipment  CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from a private placement Share issuance costs Repayment of bank loan Repayment of lease liabilities	(47,366) (3,143) (1,049,577) 2,423,940 (100,920) (30,000) (31,914)	(727,017 (4,191 (1,207,854 835,000 (12,081 (31,914 791,005
Expenditures on exploration and evaluation assets, net Security deposits Advance from Burgundy Diamond Mines Limited Purchase of equipment  CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from a private placement Share issuance costs Repayment of bank loan	(47,366) - (3,143) (1,049,577) 2,423,940 (100,920) (30,000) (31,914) 2,261,106	(727,017 (4,191) (1,207,854)

Supplemental disclosure with respect to cash flows (Note 14)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statement

## NORTH ARROW MINERALS INC. STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (Unaudited – Prepared by Management) (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	Number of Shares	Capital Stock	Share-based payment reserve	Deficit	Total
Balance, April 30, 2022	120,898,744	\$ 38,168,252	\$ 5,452,097	\$ (25,285,993)	\$ 18,334,356
Share-based compensation Net loss Private placement	- - 16,700,000	487,819	11,072 - 335,100	(586,006)	11,072 (586,006) 822,919
Balance, January 31, 2023	137,598,744	\$ 38,656,071	\$ 5,798,269	\$ (25,871,999)	\$ 18,582,341
Balance, April 30, 2023	139,058,744	\$ 38,773,039	\$ 5,798,269	\$ (29,528,938)	\$ 15,042,370
Share-based compensation Net loss Private placement – net of issuance costs			395,527	(777,158)	395,527 (777,158)
Shares issued for acquisition of exploration and evaluation assets	36,043,499 700,000	2,030,413 45,000	31,277	-	2,061,690 45,000
Balance, January 31, 2024	175,802,243	\$ 40,848,452	\$6,225,073	\$(30,306,096)	\$ 16,767,429

## 1. NATURE AND CONTINUANCE OF OPERATIONS

North Arrow Minerals Inc. (the "Company") was incorporated federally under the laws of the Canada Business Corporations Act. On January 25, 2023, the Company was continued into British Columbia, from the jurisdiction of Canada, under the Business Corporations Act.

The financial statements of the Company are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the functional currency of the Company. The Company trades on the TSX Venture Exchange (TSXV – NAR) and its registered office address is Ste. #960-789 West Pender Street, Vancouver, BC, Canada V6C 1H2.

The Company's principal business activity is the acquisition and exploration of exploration and evaluation assets. To date, the Company has not generated significant revenues from operations and is considered to be in the exploration stage.

These financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which assumes the Company will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business for the foreseeable future. At January 31, 2024, the Company had an accumulated deficit of \$30,306,096 (April 30, 2023 - \$29,528,938), incurred ongoing losses and has no source of recurring revenue. These material uncertainties may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. These financial statements do not reflect the adjustments to the carrying values of assets and liabilities, the reported amounts of expenses and the classification of statement of financial position items if the going concern assumption was inappropriate. These adjustments could be material.

The Company's continuation as a going concern is dependent on the successful results from its mineral property exploration activities, its ability to reduce or defer discretionary expenditures and its continued ability to raise equity capital or borrowings sufficient to meet current and future obligations. There are many external factors that can adversely affect general workforces, economies and financial markets globally. Examples include, but are not limited to, the COVID-19 global pandemic from March 2020 and political conflicts in other regions. It is not possible for the Company to predict the duration or magnitude of adverse results of such external factors and its effect on the Company's business or ability to raise capital.

## 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

#### a) Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and interpretations of the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC") and specifically with IAS 34, Interim Financial Reporting. The accounting policies applied in preparation of these financial statements are consistent with those applied and disclosed in the Company's financial statements for the year ended April 30, 2023. These financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted.

#### b) Historical cost

These financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments measured at fair value.

#### c) Significant accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make certain estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses during this period. Although management uses historical experiences and its best knowledge of the amount, events or actions to form the basis for judgments and estimates, actual results may differ from these estimates.

#### 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION - continued

## c) Significant accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions - continued

The most significant accounts that require estimates as the basis for determining the stated amounts include the recoverability of exploration and evaluation assets and the valuations for share-based payments, marketable securities, deferred premiums, deferred tax amounts, right-of-use assets, lease liabilities, loan payable and reclamation provision.

Critical judgments exercised in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements are as follows:

- (i) Economic recoverability and probability of future benefits of exploration and evaluation costs.
  - Management has determined that exploration, evaluation and related costs incurred which were capitalized may have future economic benefits and may be economically recoverable. Management uses several criteria in its assessments of economic recoverability and probability of future economic benefits including geologic and other technical information, history of conversion of mineral deposits with similar characteristics to its own properties to proven and probable mineral reserves, the quality and capacity of existing infrastructure facilities, evaluation of permitting and environmental issues and local support for the project.
- (ii) Valuation of share-based payments and warrants recorded as marketable securities

  The Company uses the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model for valuation of share-based payments and warrants recorded as marketable securities. Option pricing models require the input of subjective assumptions including expected price volatility, interest rates and forfeiture rate. Changes in the input assumptions can materially affect the fair value estimate and Company's earnings and equity reserves.

#### (iii) Income taxes

In assessing the probability of realizing income tax assets, management makes estimates related to expectations of future taxable income, applicable tax opportunities, expected timing of reversals of existing temporary differences and the likelihood that tax positions taken will be sustained upon examination by applicable tax authorities. In making its assessments, management gives additional weight to positive and negative evidence that can be objectively verified.

iv) Valuation of deferred premiums and flow-through shares

On issuance the Company bifurcates the flow-through share into a flow-through share premium liability based on the estimated premium the investor pays for the flow through share and share capital. When qualifying expenses are incurred the Company derecognizes the liability and the premium is recognized as other income.

- v) Valuation of marketable securities
  - Marketable securities are valued at fair market value based on quoted prices in active markets. Changes in market prices can materially affect the fair value estimate and the Company's earnings.
- vi) Valuation of right-of-use assets and related lease liabilities

Lease liabilities are initially measured at the present value of the lease payments discounted using the Company's estimated incremental borrowing rate or the interest rate implicit in the lease. Lease payments are allocated between the lease liability and the finance cost. The finance cost is charged to profit or loss using the effective interest method.

The right-of-use assets are initially measured at the cost or corresponding lease liability plus direct costs. They are subsequently measured at cost less depreciation and any impairment losses. Right-of-use assets are depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis.

## vii) Valuation of loan payable

The loan payable is initially recorded at the consideration given less any bonus shares and warrants granted. The bonus shares and warrants are amortized over the term of the loan.

#### 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION - continued

## c) Significant accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions - continued

## viii) Reclamation provision

The reclamation provision represents the value of future estimated costs for the reclamation of the Company's exploration and evaluation projects. The estimate includes assumptions as to the future activities, costs and timing of reclamation work.

#### 3. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

Financial instruments measured at fair value are classified into one of three levels in the fair value hierarchy according to the relative reliability of the inputs used to estimate the fair values. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are:

- \* Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- \* Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly; and
- \* Level 3 Inputs that are not based on observable market data.

The Company's financial instruments consist of cash, marketable securities, receivables, security deposits, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, bank line of credit, loan payable, reclamation deposits and lease liabilities. The carrying value of cash, receivables, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, loans, lease liabilities and bank line of credit approximate their fair values due to their immediate or short-term maturity. Marketable securities consisting of common shares are recorded at fair value based on the quoted market prices in active markets at the reporting date, which is consistent with Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy. Marketable securities consisting of warrants are recorded at fair value based on a Black Scholes pricing model consistent with Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

The Company is exposed to a variety of financial risks by virtue of its activities, including credit risk, interest rate risk, liquidity risks, foreign currency risk, and equity market risk. The Company's objective with respect to risk management is to minimize potential adverse effects on the Company's financial performance. The Board of Directors provides direction and guidance to management with respect to risk management. Management is responsible for establishing controls and procedures to ensure that financial risks are mitigated to acceptable levels.

#### Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a counter-party to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Company manages credit risk by investing its excess cash in short-term investments with investment grade ratings, issued by a Canadian chartered bank. The Company's receivables consist primarily of sales tax receivables due from the federal government and receivables from companies with which the Company has exploration agreements or options. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying value of the Company's receivables, security deposits and cash.

#### Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Financial assets and liabilities with variable interest rates expose the Company to interest rate risk with respect to its cash flow. It is management's opinion that the Company is not exposed to significant interest rate risk.

## Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its obligations as they become due. The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent on management's ability to raise the funds required through future equity financings, asset sales or exploration option agreements, or a combination thereof. The Company has no regular cash flow from its operating activities. The Company manages its liquidity risk by forecasting cash flow requirements for its planned exploration and corporate activities and anticipating investing and financing activities. Management and the Board of Directors are actively involved in the review, planning and approval of annual budgets and significant expenditures and commitments. Failure to realize additional funding could cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. As at January 31, 2024 the Company had cash of \$740,440 (April 30, 2023 - \$271,513) available to settle current liabilities of \$1,014,332 (April 30, 2023 - \$1,116,764).

## NORTH ARROW MINERALS INC. NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Nine Months Ended January 31, 2024 and 2023

(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

## 3. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT – continued

Foreign currency risk

The Company's activities are within Canada and accordingly the Company is not subject to significant foreign currency risk.

Equity market risk

The Company is exposed to equity price risk arising from its marketable securities, which are classified as fair value through profit (loss). The Company plans to sell its marketable securities as market conditions permit, or as is required to finance the Company's operations from time-to-time.

## 4. MARKETABLE SECURITIES

	Cost	Unrealized Gain (Loss) on AFS Securities	Cost of FVTPL Securities Sold	Gain (Loss) on FVTPL Securities Fair Valued	Fair Value
April 30, 2022 Rover Metals Corp. –	\$ 379,012	\$ (50,000)	\$(355,437)	\$ 36,425	\$ 10,000
41,667 shares	-	-	-	(7,084)	(7,084)
April 30, 2023 Rover Metals Corp. –	379,012	(50,000)	(355,437)	29,341	2,916
41,667 shares	-	-	-	(1,874)	(1,874)
January 31, 2024	\$ 379,012	\$(50,000)	\$(355,437)	\$27,467	\$ 1,042

#### 5. RECEIVABLES

	January 31, 2024	April	30, 2023
HST/GST receivables Other receivables	\$ 50,836 22,896	\$	12,073 4,075
	\$ 73,732	\$	16,148

## 6. EQUIPMENT

	Office and computer equipment	Field equipment	Total
Cost			
Balance, April 30, 2022	\$71,701	\$93,775	\$ 165,476
Additions	4,191	-	4,191
Balance, April 30, 2023	75,892	93,775	169,667
Additions	3,143	-	3,143
Balance, January 31, 2024	\$ 79,035	\$ 93,775	\$ 172,810

## NORTH ARROW MINERALS INC. NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Nine Months Ended January 31, 2024 and 2023

(Unaudited – Prepared by Management) (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

## 6. EQUIPMENT - continued

Accumulated Depreciation Balance April 30, 2022	\$58,132	\$76,074	\$134,206
Additions	4,700	3,540	8,240
Balance April 30, 2023	62,832	79,614	142,440
Additions	3,785	2,833	6,618
Balance, January 31, 2024	\$ 66,617	\$ 82,447	\$ 149,064
April 30, 2023	\$ 13,060	\$ 14,161	\$ 27,22
January 31, 2024	\$ 12,418	\$ 11.328	\$ 23,74

## 7. RIGHT OF USE ASSETS AND LEASE LIABILITIES

Right of use assets	Nine Months	Year ended
	ended January 31,	April 30,
	2024	2023
Opening balance	\$ 60,097	\$ 95,595
Depreciation	(25,866)	(35,498)
Ending Balance	\$ 34,231	\$ 60,097

Lease Liabilities	Nine Months ended	Year ended
	<b>January 31, 2024</b>	April 30, 2023
Opening balance	\$ 57,210	\$ 94,877
Additions	-	-
Lease payments	(31,914)	(42,552)
Finance cost	6,328	4,885
Ending Balance	\$ 31,624	\$ 57,210
Current	\$ 31,624	\$ 33,333
Long-term	-	23,877
	\$ 31,624	\$ 57,210

## NORTH ARROW MINERALS INC. NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Nine Months Ended January 31, 2024 and 2023

(Unaudited – Prepared by Management) (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

## 8. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS

	April 30, 2023	Expended During the Period	Write-offs During the Period	January 31, 2024
7 to 1	<b>F</b> • • • - • - •	333 - 333 -		
Lithium Properties	<u></u>			
DeStaffany	<b>4.040</b>	A 54 505	ф	A 53 5 45
Exploration costs	\$ 2,042 51,072	\$ 51,705	\$ -	\$ 53,747
Acquisition and tenure costs	51,872	200	-	52,072
Geological, data collection and assays	1,793	239,947	-	241,740
Office and salaries	38,269	95,776	-	134,045
Recoveries	93,976	(73,200) 314,428	-	(73,200) 408,404
	93,970	314,420	-	400,404
Bathurst				
Exploration costs	2,248	-	-	2,248
Acquisition and tenure costs	25,025	25,468	-	50,493
Office and salaries	10,169	2,479	-	12,648
	37,442	27,947	-	65,389
MasKart ala				
MacKay Lake		2.407		2 407
Exploration costs	-	2,497	-	2,497
Acquisition and tenure costs	-	9,621	-	9,621
Geological, data collection and assays	-	120,331	-	120,331
Office and salaries	-	51,443 183,892	<u>-</u>	51,443 183,892
		105,072		103,072
Lac de Gras				
Exploration costs	-	46,243	-	46,243
Acquisition and tenure costs	-	30,029	-	30,029
Geological, data collection and assays	-	258,420	-	258,420
Office and salaries	-	106,354	-	106,354
Recoveries	-	(90,000)	-	(90,000)
	-	351,046	-	351,046
Diamond Properties				
Pikoo, Canada Exploration costs	1,317,386		_	1,317,386
Drilling	2,085,859	-	<u>-</u>	2,085,859
Acquisition and tenure costs	223,253	- 777	-	224,030
Geological, data collection and assays	1,911,489	-	<u>.</u>	1,911,489
Office and salaries	814,776	1,623	_	816,399
Recoveries and contributions	(637,813)	1,023	-	(637,813)
Recoveries and contributions	5,714,950	2,400	<u> </u>	5,717,350
Loki, Canada	- 1 1/2 - 0	_,		-,-2-,000
Exploration costs	547,398	815	-	548,213
Drilling	687,226	-	-	687,226
Acquisition and tenure costs	113,300	5,842	-	119,142
Geological, data collection and assays	596,398	48,125	-	644,523
Office and salaries	399,793	6,427	-	406,220
Recoveries	(1,142,452)	-	=	(1,142,452)
	1,201,663	61,209	-	1,262,872

# NORTH ARROW MINERALS INC. NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Nine Months Ended January 21, 2024 and 20

For the Nine Months Ended January 31, 2024 and 2023 (Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

## 8. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS - continued

	April 30, 2023	Expended During the period	Write-offs During the period	January 31, 2024
Naujaat, Canada				
Exploration costs	1,503,145	8,653	-	1,511,798
Drilling	1,464,020	-	-	1,464,020
Acquisition and tenure costs	460,981	22,977	-	483,958
Geological, data collection and assays	9,169,682	13,039	-	9,182,721
Office and salaries	1,988,187	6,223	-	1,994,410
Recoveries and contributions	(5,941,167)	(17,034)	-	(5,958,201)
	8,644,848	33,858	-	8,678,706
CSI, Canada				
Exploration costs	3,808	-	-	3,808
Acquisition and tenure costs	13,278	(12,375)	-	903
Geological, data collection and assays	61,818	-	-	61,818
Office and salaries	27,781	-	-	27,781
	106,685	(12,375)	-	94,310
TOTAL	\$ 15,799,564	\$ 962,405	\$ -	\$ 16,761,969

## EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS - April 30, 2023

		Expended	Write-offs	
		During	During	
	April 30, 2022	the Year	the Year	April 30, 2023
Lithium Properties				
DeStaffany				
Exploration costs	\$ -	\$ 2,042	\$ -	\$ 2,042
Acquisition and tenure costs	-	51,872	-	51,872
Geological, data collection and assays	-	1,793	-	1,793
Office and salaries	-	38,269	-	38,269
	-	93,976	-	93,976
Bathurst				
Exploration costs	-	2,248	-	2,248
Acquisition and tenure costs	-	25,025	-	25,025
Office and salaries	-	10,169	-	10,169
	-	37,442	-	37,442
Diamond Properties				
Pikoo, Canada				
Exploration costs	1,272,804	44,582	-	1,317,386
Drilling	2,085,859	, _	_	2,085,859
Acquisition and tenure costs	220,979	2,274	-	223,253
Geological, data collection and assays	1,644,898	266,591	-	1,911,489
Office and salaries	719,332	95,444	-	814,776
Recoveries and contributions	(637,813)	-	-	(637,813)
	5,306,059	408,891	-	5,714,950

## 8. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS – continued

	April 30, 2022	Expended During the Year	Write-offs During the Year	April 30, 2023
Loki, Canada	April 50, 2022	the rear	the rear	April 30, 2023
Exploration costs	547,398			547,398
Drilling	687,226	-	-	687,226
Acquisition and tenure costs	80.004	33,296	-	113,300
Geological, data collection and assays	499,822	96,576	-	596,398
Office and salaries	363,381	36,412	_	399,793
Recoveries	(768,452)	(374,000)	_	(1,142,452)
Recoveres	1,409,379	(207,716)		1,201,663
Noviget Conside	, ,	, , ,		, ,
Naujaat, Canada Exploration costs	1,455,905	47,240		1,503,145
Drilling	1,464,020	47,240	-	1,464,020
Acquisition and tenure costs	436,166	24,815	-	460,981
Geological, data collection and assays	8,619,613	550,069	-	9,169,682
Office and salaries	1,855,848	132,339	_	1,988,187
Recoveries and contributions	(5,166,066)	(775,101)	-	(5,941,167)
recevenes and contributions	8,665,486	(20,638)	_	8,644,848
Mel, Canada				
Exploration costs	1,340,600	_	(1,340,600)	_
Drilling	465,004	_	(465,004)	_
Acquisition and tenure costs	306,260	24	(306,284)	_
Geological, data collection and assays	1,003,344	-	(1,003,344)	_
Office and salaries	414,463	5,774	(420,237)	_
Recoveries	(120,500)	-	120,500	_
	3,409,171	5,798	(3,414,969)	-
CSI, Canada				
Exploration costs	3,808	_	=	3,808
Acquisition and tenure costs	13,204	74	_	13,278
Geological, data collection and assays	61,818	74	-	61,818
Office and salaries	· ·	0 116	-	
Office and salaties	19,665	8,116		27,781
	98,495	8,190	-	106,685
TOTAL	¢ 10 000 500	¢ 225 042	¢(2.414.060)	¢ 15 700 564
IUIAL	\$ 18,888,590	\$ 325,943	\$(3,414,969)	\$ 15,799,564

Title to exploration and evaluation assets involves certain inherent risks due to the difficulties of determining the validity of certain claims as well as the potential for problems arising from the frequently ambiguous conveyancing history characteristic of many exploration and evaluation assets. The Company has investigated title to all of its exploration and evaluation assets and, to the best of its knowledge, title to all of these assets are in good standing.

## Lithium Properties, Canada

DeStaffany Project, Northwest Territories

During the year ended April 30, 2023, the Company acquired a 100% interest in the DeStaffany lithium property. Under the terms of an agreement dated January 25, 2023 the Company acquired its interest from Panarc Resources Ltd. ("Panarc") for the reimbursement of staking costs of \$18,000 (paid) and 500,000 shares of the Company issued at a fair value of \$32,500. Panarc retains a 2% net smelter return royalty on future metal production from the property. One-half of the royalty can be purchased at any time for \$2 million. The Company has posted a security deposit of \$47,366 in relation to a land use permit for the property.

#### 8. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS – continued

Bathurst Project, Nunavut

During the year ended April 30, 2023, the Company entered into an option agreement to acquire a 100% interest in the Bathurst Inlet lithium property. Under the terms of an agreement dated February 23, 2023 the Company paid Panarc for the reimbursement of staking costs of \$16,515 and issued 100,000 shares of the Company valued at \$5,500 during the year ended April 30, 2023. In order to complete the acquisition, the Company issued an additional 500,000 shares prior to September 30, 2023 (issued September 18, 2023) valued at \$25,000. In addition, the Company will issue a further 2,000,000 shares to Panarc within 15 days of the Company's first public disclosure of a new mineral resource on the property. Panarc will retain a 2% net smelter return royalty on future metal production from the property. One-half of the royalty can be purchased at any time for \$2 million.

MacKay Lake, Northwest Territories

The MacKay Lake project consists of 8 mineral claims acquired through staking during the nine months ended January 31, 2024.

Lac de Gras project, Northwest Territories

During the nine months ended January 31, 2024, the Company concluded an agreement with Arctic Canadian Diamond Company under which the Lac de Gras joint venture was terminated. As a result, the Company holds a 100% interest in the property, including a related \$195,995 security deposit and reclamation provision (\$195,995). The LDG property consists of a block of mineral claims and mining leases located within the Lac de Gras region of the Northwest Territories.

Pursuant to an acquisition agreement between the Company and Springbok Holdings Inc. ("Springbok"), in the event the Company incurs \$2 million in joint venture expenditures on the Lac de Gras Joint Venture Property, the Company will issue to Springbok that number of common shares of the Company having a value of \$1 million. A director of the Company is a principal of Springbok. Effective February 20, 2024, the Company granted Springbok a 2% diamond royalty on the LDG project in exchange for Springbok waiving its right to receive the \$1 million share payment. North Arrow may purchase half of the royalty by making a \$2 million payment at any time up to 24 months after the date the first royalty payment is due.

#### **Diamond Properties, Canada**

Naujaat project, Nunavut

Prior to February 2023, the Company maintained a 100% interest in the Naujaat diamond project. This interest was subject to a June 1, 2020 option agreement under which the Company granted Burgundy Diamond Mines Limited ("Burgundy") (previously EHR Resources Ltd.) an option to earn a 40% interest in the project by investing \$5,600,000 in the project. Effective February 3, 2023, Burgundy exercised the option and acquired a 40% interest in the Naujaat project with the Company retaining a 60% interest in the project.

Subject to a February 15, 2017 agreement, the Company has agreed to pay Stornoway Diamond Corporation ("Stornoway") \$2.5 million at the time the first royalty payments relating to the Naujaat project are payable. In addition, Stornoway retains a 0.5% gross overriding royalty ("GOR") and net smelter royalty ("NSR") on diamond, precious metal and base metal production from the Naujaat project.

The Naujaat project is also subject to an additional 2.5% NSR on metals and a 2.5% gross production royalty ("GPR") on industrial minerals, including diamonds. Effective November 21, 2016, the Company reached an agreement with the underlying royalty holder where each of the NSR and GPR may be reduced from 3% to 1% subject to future contingent cash payments totaling \$5.15 million and future staged exploration expenditures totalling \$20 million. During the year ended April 30, 2022, as a result of expenditures incurred, the NSR and GPR was reduced to 2.5%.

## 8. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS - continued

Pikoo project, Saskatchewan

The Company maintains a 100% interest in the Pikoo diamond project. This interest is subject to a February 15, 2017 agreement under which the Company agreed to pay Stornoway \$1.25 million at the time the first royalty payments relating to the Pikoo project are payable. In addition, Stornoway retains a 1.0% GOR and NSR on diamond, precious metal and base metal production from the Pikoo project.

Loki project, Northwest Territories

The Company maintains a 100% interest in the Loki diamond project subject to 2.5% royalties on diamonds and base and precious metals granted to Umgeni Holdings International Limited ("Umgeni") under the terms of a January 25, 2016 royalty purchase agreement as amended July 31, 2019 and March 3, 2023. Umgeni is a private company of which a director of the Company is a beneficiary of the sole shareholder.

During the year ended April 30, 2023, the Company reached an agreement with Umgeni under which Umgeni increased its royalty interest in the Loki project from 2.0% to 2.5% in exchange for the payment of \$374,000 (received).

The Company retains the option to purchase 0.5% of the royalties by paying Umgeni \$5,000,000 any time up to 24 months after the start of commercial production from a mine on the property. In addition, the Company will issue to Umgeni 1,000,000 shares upon announcement of a new kimberlite discovery on the property and will issue a further 5,000,000 shares upon the announcement of a mineral resource in respect of a kimberlite with the property.

Mel project, Nunavut

The Company maintains a 100% interest in the Mel diamond project in Nunavut. This interest is subject to a 1% GOR payable to Anglo Celtic Exploration Ltd (the "ACEL GOR"), a private company controlled by a director of the Company. The Company retains the right to buy back one half of the ACEL GOR for \$1,000,000 at any time.

Effective January 13, 2021, as amended effective August 9, 2021, the Company entered into an agreement with StrategX Elements Corp ("StrategX") to sell to StrategX the non-diamond mineral rights in the Mel Property for consideration of a 1% GOR on the non-diamond production and 100% of the rights to any diamond discoveries in a 435,000 ha area of interest surrounding the property ("StrategX AOI"). In addition, StrategX has assumed 100% of the responsibility for the Mel exploration camp, including the demobilization costs. StrategX retains a 2% GOR on any diamond production in the StrategX AOI, reduced to 1% wherever the ACEL GOR applies. North Arrow retains the right to purchase 50% of StrategX's GOR for \$2,000,000. StrategX retains the right to purchase 50% of the North Arrow GOR for \$1,000,000.

During the year ended April 30, 2023, the Company wrote-down \$3,414,969 of exploration and evaluation on the Mel project in recognition of the lack of significant planned exploration expenditures on the property.

CSI Project, Nunavut

The CSI project consists of 3 claims that were acquired through staking during the year ended April 30, 2021.

## 9. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

	January	y 31, 2024	Apri	1 30, 2023
Trade payables Accrued liabilities	\$	255,657 133,210	\$	358,707 188,400
	\$	388,867	\$	547,107

Included in accrued liabilities is a provision of \$120,500 (April 30, 2023 - \$120,500) for estimated costs related to the demobilization of equipment in Nunavut.

## 10. BANK LINE OF CREDIT

	January 31, 2024	April 30, 2023
Bank line of credit	\$ -	\$ 40,000

During the year ended April 30, 2020, the Company received a 0% interest operating line of credit under the terms of the Canadian Emergency Business Account Program ("CEBA"). During the nine months ended January 31, 2024, the loan was repaid and \$10,000 of the balance was forgiven per the terms of the CEBA program.

#### 11. LOAN PAYABLE

Effective February 17, 2021 the Company entered into an agreement with Anglo Celtic Exploration Ltd. ("Anglo"), a company controlled by a director, to provide the Company an unsecured loan of \$400,000. Under the terms of the agreement the loan carries an interest rate of 10% per annum and was to be repaid February 16, 2022. As further consideration for agreeing to advance the loan, the Company issued to Anglo 1,000,000 bonus shares at a fair value of \$85,000. Effective February 16, 2022, the loan was extended for a period of one year under the same terms and conditions. As consideration for granting the extension Anglo received 1,000,000 warrants. Each warrant entitled Anglo to purchase one share at a price of \$0.12 per share for a period of one year. The warrants granted had a total fair value of \$22,422. The warrants cost was amortized over one year. During the year ended April 30, 2023, the warrants expired unexercised.

The fair value of warrants granted was estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model, with the following assumptions:

Risk-free interest rate	1.00%
Expected dividend yield	Nil
Expected stock price volatility	30.34%
Expected life	1 year
Expected forfeiture rate	Nil

Effective December 19, 2022, the Company made a limited security agreement in favour of Anglo, under which the Company secured the payment and performance of its obligations to Anglo in accordance with the loan by granting Anglo a security interest in the Company's interests in the mineral claims comprising each of the Pikoo Property, Loki Property and CSI Property.

Effective February 16, 2023, the loan was extended for an additional period of one year under the same terms and conditions.

Effective February 16, 2024, the loan was extended for an additional period of one year under the same terms and conditions.

## 12. CAPITAL STOCK AND RESERVES

## **Authorized share capital**

The authorized share capital of the Company is an unlimited number of common shares without par value.

#### **Share issuances**

a) On December 28, 2022, the Company completed a 16,700,000 unit private placement at a price of \$0.05 per unit for gross proceeds of \$835,000. Each unit consisted of one common share and one common share purchase warrant. At

#### 12. CAPITAL STOCK AND RESERVES - continued

#### **Share issuances - continued**

December 28, 2022, the Company's market price was \$0.03 per share; accordingly \$334,000 of the proceeds were assigned to the value of the warrants under the residual method. Finders fees and costs of \$13,181 were paid in connection with this private placement. Included in finder's fees were 90,000 warrants valued at \$1,100. The fair value of warrants issued as finders fees was estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model, with the following assumptions:

Risk-free interest rate	4.00%
Expected dividend yield	Nil
Expected stock price volatility	126.31%
Expected life	2 year
Expected forfeiture rate	Nil

- b) During the year ended April 30, 2023, the Company issued 600,000 common shares at a fair value of \$38,000 for the acquisition of mineral properties.
- c) During the nine months ended January 31, 2024, the Company issued 700,000 common shares at a fair value of \$45,000 for the acquisition of exploration and evaluation assets.
- d) On May 17, 2023, the Company completed two financings consisting of a non-flow through unit financing and a flow through unit financing for gross proceeds of \$2,423,940. The non-flow through financing consisted of 22,976,999 units at a price of \$0.06 per unit. Each non-flow through unit consisted of one share and one transferable common share purchase warrant. Each non-flow through warrant entitles the holder to purchase one share at a price of \$0.10 for a period of 24 months.

The flow through unit financing consisted of 13,066,500 units at a price of \$0.08 per unit. Each flow through unit consisted of one flow through share and one half of a transferrable non-flow through share purchase warrant. Each whole flow through warrant entitles the holder to purchase a non-flow through share at a price of \$0.12 for a period of 24 months. The flow through shares were issued at a premium which was determined to be \$261,330 and this has been recorded as a deferred premium liability. During the nine months ended January 31, 2024 the Company incurred eligible exploration expenditures and credited other income \$202,304 of the deferred premium to operations.

In connection with these financings North Arrow paid finders' fees and costs of \$100,920 and 676,620 finders warrants valued at \$31,277. Each finders' warrant has the same terms as the non-flow through warrants.

The fair value of warrants issued as finders fees was estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model, with the following assumptions:

Risk-free interest rate	4.00%
Expected dividend yield	Nil
Expected stock price volatility	147.47%
Expected life	2 year
Expected forfeiture rate	Nil

## Stock options and warrants

At the Company's Annual General Meeting held on December 15, 2023, the shareholders ratified the stock option plan (the "Plan"). The Plan gives the directors the authority to grant options to directors, officers, employees and consultants. The maximum number of shares to be issued under the Plan is 10% of the issued and outstanding common shares at the time of the grant. The exercise price of each option granted shall not be less than the market price at the date of grant less a discount up to 25% in accordance with the policies of the TSX Venture Exchange ("TSXV").

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

## 12. CAPITAL STOCK AND RESERVES - continued

## Stock options and warrants - continued

Options granted typically have a term up to 5 years with vesting provisions determined by the directors in accordance with TSXV policies for Tier 2 Issuers, with a typical vesting period of 25% upon grant and 25% every six months thereafter.

As at January 31, 2024, the following stock options were outstanding:

Number of Options	Exercise Price	Number of Options vested	Expiry Date
2,970,000	\$ 0.10	2,970,000	November 8, 2024
400,000	\$ 0.10	400,000	December 17, 2025
1,025,000	\$ 0.12	1,025,000	June 3, 2026
8,625,000	\$ 0.08	4,312,500	June 1, 2028
13,020,000		8,707,500	

Subsequent to January 31, 2024, the Company granted 500,000 options to a director, exercisble at a price of \$0.08 per share for a period of five years.

A summary of the Company's stock option activity is as follows:

		Weighted
	Number	Average
	of Options	Exercise Price
Balance, April 30, 2022	11,395,000	\$ 0.19
Options expired	(2,260,000)	0.27
Balance, April 30, 2023	9,135,000	0.17
Options expired	(4,740,000)	0.23
Options granted	8,625,000	0.08
Balance, January 31, 2024	13,020,000	\$ 0.09

#### **Share-based compensation**

During the nine months ended January 31, 2024, the Company granted 8,625,000 stock options (January 31, 2023 – nil) having a total fair value of \$508,536 (January 31, 2023 – \$nil) and a weighted average grant-date value of \$0.06 (January 31, 2023 – \$nil) per option. During the nine months ended January 31, 2024, the Company recognized share-based compensation of \$395,527 (January 31, 2023 – \$11,072) relating to options vested during the period.

The fair value of options granted was estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model, with the following assumptions:

	January 31, 2024	April 30, 2023
Risk-free interest rate	4%	-
Expected dividend yield	Nil	-
Expected stock price volatility	124.8%	-
Expected life	5 years	-
Expected forfeiture rate	Nil	-

#### 12. CAPITAL STOCK AND RESERVES - continued

## Stock options and warrants - continued

A summary of the Company's warrant activity is as follows:

	Number of Warrants	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Balance, April 30, 2022	49,997,003	\$ 0.18
Expired	(27,481,717)	0.23
Exercised	(860,000)	0.10
Issued	16,790,000	0.10
Balance, April 30, 2023	38,445,286	0.11
Expired	(4,611,000)	0.18
Issued	30,186,869	0.10
Balance, January 31, 2024	64,021,155	\$ 0.10

At January 31, 2024 the following warrants were outstanding:

Number of Warrants	Exercise	<b>Expiry Date</b>	
	Price		
17,044,286	\$ 0.10	July 31, 2024	
16,790,000	\$ 0.10	December 28, 2024	
6,533,250	\$ 0.12	May 17, 2025	
23,653,619	\$ 0.10	May 17, 2025	
64,021,155	\$ 0.10		

## 13. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Details of the transactions between the Company and related parties not disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements are disclosed below.

During the nine months ended January 31, 2024, the Company incurred the following transactions in the normal course of operations in connection with companies which have an officer and/or director in common.

- a) Paid or accrued consulting fees of \$6,750 (January 31, 2023 \$6,750) to the Corporate Secretary of the Company. This amount is included in salaries disclosed below.
- b) Charged related parties \$6,500 (January 31, 2023 \$15,310) for fees, rent, office and administrative costs.
- c) Included in accounts payable is \$167,795 (January 31, 2023 \$147,500) due to directors and officers.
- d) Interest of \$38,491 (January 31, 2023 \$35,028) has been accrued on a loan from a company controlled by a director.

#### 13. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS - continued

The remuneration of directors and key management personnel during the nine months ended January 31, 2024 was as follows:

	January 31, 2024		January 31, 2023	
Salaries <sup>1</sup>	\$	119,135	\$	158,348
Salaries in exploration costs <sup>1</sup>		101,365		62,152
Share-based compensation <sup>2</sup>		307,714		7,633
Total	\$	528,214	\$	228,133

- 1 When key management is working specifically on mineral properties their time is capitalized against the mineral property.
- 2 Share-based compensation is the fair value of options that have been granted to directors and key management personnel.

During the year ended April 30, 2016, the Company entered into an employment agreement with a senior employee and officer for his services requiring a minimum annual payment of \$225,000. In addition, the employment agreement contains clauses which could provide for a payment or payments in excess of \$450,000 on termination of employment or conclusion of a change in control or similar transaction.

#### 14. SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE WITH RESPECT TO CASH FLOWS

The significant non-cash transactions for the nine months ended January 31, 2024 were:

- a) the Company incurred exploration and evaluation expenditures of \$196,857 (April 30, 2023 \$278,520) that are included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.
- b) The Company issued 700,000 shares (January 31, 2023 \$nil) valued at \$45,000 as consideration for the acquisition of exploration and evaluation assets.

#### 15. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The capital of the Company consists of the items included in shareholders' equity. The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, based on the funds available to the Company. The Company's objective for capital management is to plan for the capital required to support the Company's ongoing acquisition and exploration of its mineral properties and to provide sufficient funds for its corporate activities. There have been no changes to the management of capital during the fiscal year.

The Company's exploration and evaluation assets are in the exploration stage. As an exploration stage company, the Company is currently unable to self-finance its operations. The Company has historically relied on equity financings to finance its operations. In order to carry out the Company's planned exploration programs and to pay for administrative costs, the Company will have to raise additional funds as required. To effectively manage the Company's capital requirements, the Company's management has in place a planning and budgeting process.

#### 16. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

The Company operates in Canada in a single operating segment – the acquisition and exploration of mineral properties in Canada.